

Phase 3 Study Results Investor Conference

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LCP-TACRO™ OVERVIEW

Improved formulation of tacrolimus based on LCP proprietary MeltDose® technology

- Once-daily dosing
- Improved PK (pharmacokinetics) profile, reducing peak drug concentration
- Lower dose required due to improved absorption
- Not substitutable by generics, providing patients and physicians with consistency

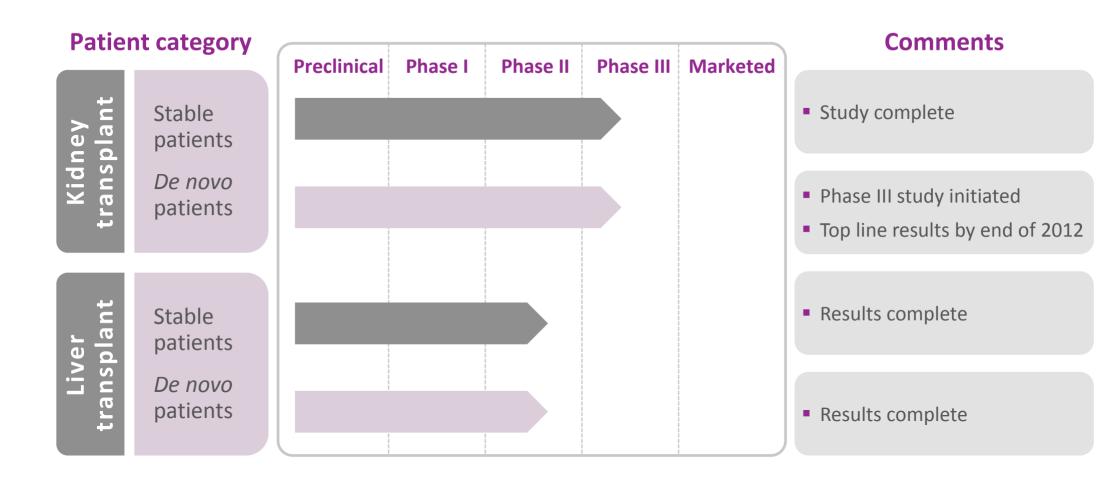
Tacrolimus is the current "gold standard" primary immunosuppressant

- \$2B in annual sales of Prograf®/Advagraf® by Astellas
- 90% of transplant patients in the US receive tacrolimus

LCP-Tacro™ offers the potential to supplant Prograf®/Advagraf® as standard therapy



LCP-TACRO™ DEVELOPMENT OVERVIEW



NDA/MAA filing for LCP-Tacro™ tablets is projected for 1Q 2013



DEFINITIONS

- "Efficacy" Ability to protect the graft against rejection
 - Measured by a regulatory agency composite endpoint that consists of 4 parts
 - Biopsy proven acute rejection
 - Loss of the transplanted organ (return to dialysis or need for another transplant)
 - Death
 - Loss to follow-up Patient cannot be found
- "Safety" Adverse events and predefined meaningful changes in laboratory values
- "Biopsy proven acute rejection" (BPAR)
 - An examination of a needle biopsy specimen from a transplanted organ suspected of potential to be in early stage of rejection
 - Early evidence of organ failure (rising creatinine level) leads to needle biopsy of the transplanted kidney
 - Microscopically proven to have immune white blood cells infiltrating the transplanted organ – evidence of early rejection by defined criteria (Banff)





STUDY 3001 PHASE 3 RESULTS STABLE "SWITCH" STUDY

3001 DESIGN

- Open-label "switch" study
 - Patients were stable, doing well on Prograf®, and were "switched" in an open-label fashion to either the experimental drug (LCP-Tacro™, at a reduced dose) OR continued therapy with their known drug (Prograf®, at the same dose)
- Primary endpoint
 - Treatment failure "composite": BPAR, graft loss, death, loss to follow-up
 - Timepoint: Month 12
- Biostatistical planning:
 - Assumption: 6% composite treatment failure rate
 - Noninferiority margin of 9% for the 95% confidence interval
- Geography: US and EU



DEMOGRAPHICS AND BASELINE CHARACTERISTICS

	LCP-Tacro™ (N=163)	Prograf® (N=163)
Age (years)	50.4	50.2
Gender (% male)	71.8	62.6
Race (% black)	22.1	20.9
Time from transplant (years)	2.1	1.8*
Diabetic (%)	37.4	32.5
Prior transplant (%)	13.5	12.3
Renal function (mL/min)	78.74	75.01
Prograf dose at entry (mg/day)	6.09	5.30 [†]

- Population generally well-matched at baseline; slightly higher Prograf[®] dose at baseline in LCP-Tacro[™] group
- Good representation of black patients

P-value between groups: *p<0.05 † p=0.063



PATIENT DISPOSITION

	LCP-Tacro™ (N=163)	Prograf® (N=163)
Randomized	100.0%	100.0%
Included in mITT	162 (99.4%)	162 (99.4%)
Discontinued		
– Due to AEs	12 (7.4%)	2 (1.2%)
Patient decision	6 (3.7%)	3 (1.8%)
– Other	3 (1.8%)	4 (2.5%)

No consistent pattern to types of events leading to discontinuation



PRIMARY EFFICACY: POSITIVE RESULTS

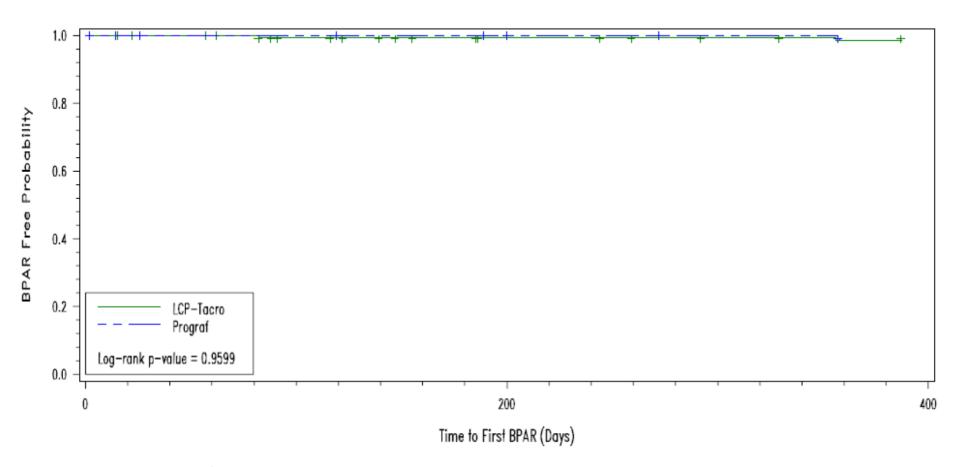
Primary Efficacy (Local-biopsy reading)

	LCP-Tacro™ (N=162)	Prograf® (N=162)
Biopsy-proven acute rejection	2 (1.2%)	2 (1.2%)
Graft loss	0	0
Death	2 (1.2%)	1 (0.6%)
Lost to follow-up	0	1 (0.6%)
Composite endpoint	4 (2.5%)	4 (2.5%)
Treatment difference (95% CI)	0% (-4.2,+4.2)	

Successful primary outcome: Upper boundary of confidence interval is less than +9.0%



KAPLAN-MEIER ANALYSIS OF ACUTE REJECTIONS



Very low rate of acute rejections

■ Provides ability for physicians to "switch" with confidence from Prograf to LCP-Tacro™, at protocol-specified conversion dose, maintaining good protection of graft



SECONDARY EFFICACY: NUMERICAL TREND TOWARD SUPERIORITY WITH LCP-TACRO™

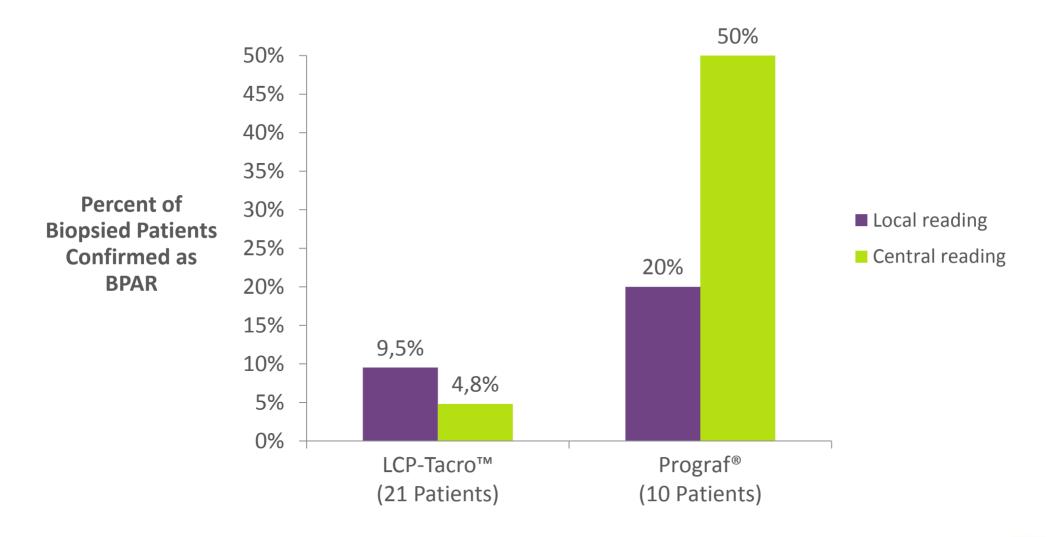
Secondary Efficacy
(Central biopsy reading, all data including follow-up)

	LCP-Tacro™ (N=162)	Prograf® (N=162)
Biopsy-proven acute rejection*	1 (0.6%)	5 (3.1%)
Graft loss	0	1 (0.6%)
Death	3 (1.9%)	1 (0.6%)
Lost to follow-up	0	1 (0.6%)
Composite endpoint	4 (2.5%)	8 (4.9%)
Treatment difference (95% CI)	-2.47% (-7.53,+1.94%)	

*P-value for central BPAR: p=0.214

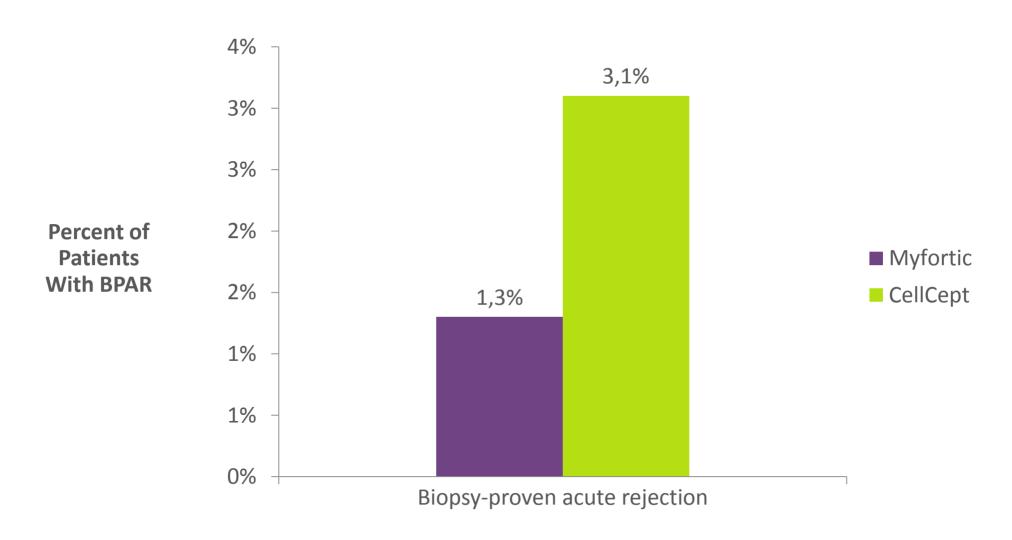


PROPORTION OF BIOPSIED PATIENTS WITH ACUTE REJECTION DETECTED ON BIOPSY





PUTTING RESULTS IN CONTEXT OF LITERATURE: PUBLISHED MYFORTIC "SWITCH" STUDY

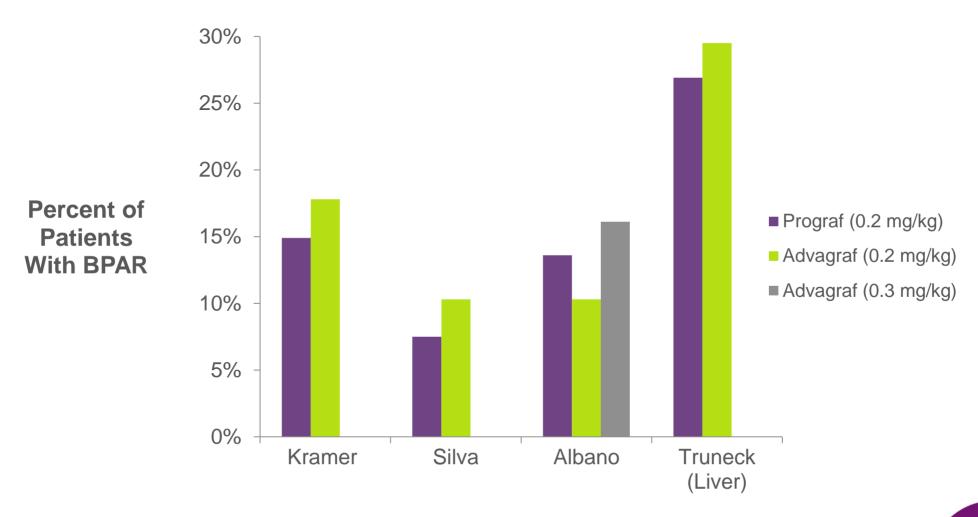


Combination treatment with Myfortic or CellCept + cyclosporine + corticosteroids



PUTTING RESULTS IN CONTEXT OF LITERATURE: ADVAGRAF PUBLISHED COMPARISONS TO PROGRAF

4 published Advagraf studies (all de novo)





LCP-TACRO OPEN-LABEL "SWITCH" STUDY SAFETY AND TOLERABILITY

	LCP-Tacro™ (N=162)	Prograf® (N=162)
Any adverse event (AE)	83.3%	81.6%
Serious AE	22.2%	16.0%
Drug-related AE	21.6%	13.0%

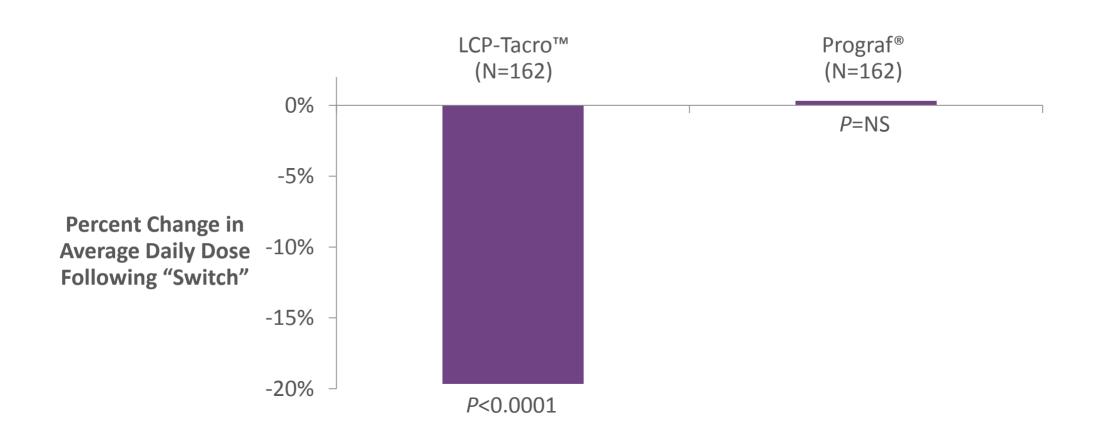
No significant differences in predefined AEs of interest:

- New-onset diabetes
- Opportunistic infection
- Malignancy
- Prespecified laboratory parameters

Numerically more GI AEs, fewer urinary tract infections



DOSE ADMINISTERED



LCP-Tacro™ enabled a significant reduction in dose



CONCLUSIONS

- Successful Phase 3 results
 - Primary outcome achieved
 - Very low rate of treatment failures in both groups
 - Noninferiority vs Prograf efficacy achieved in the switch setting
 - Protocol-specified NI margin: 9.0%
 - Actual result: 4.2% (well within the required 9% margin)
 - Comparable safety and tolerability to Prograf
- Overall conclusions
 - Successful Phase 3 study, with
 - Once-daily dosing (as opposed to twice-daily), AND
 - Lower dose requirement
 - Evidence that physicians can "switch" successfully from Prograf twice daily to
 LCP-Tacro™ once daily with confidence in maintaining graft protection
 - Possible trend toward superior efficacy with LCP-Tacro™ by central biopsy results



LCP UPCOMING MILESTONES

- LCP-Tacro[™] is progressing well toward projected registration in US and EU
 - 3001 switch results are positive
 - Results submitted for presentation at upcoming scientific transplant meetings
 - 3002 study is under SPA agreement and enrolling actively
- Additional differentiation clinical study work to be initiated in 2011 along with remaining PK/PD clinical work for registration



LCP-TACRO™ - SUBSTANTIAL COMMERCIAL POTENTIAL

Market

- A \$5B market with unmet needs
- Few existing competitors, few compounds in development
- Limited sales force and commercial resources required to promote to this specialty market

Product

- A differentiated product able to attain significant pricing
- Positioned to be the optimized, branded primary immunosuppressant
- Proprietary technology for LCP-Tacro™

Strategy

- Opportunity to commercialize independently or with partner, regionally or globally
- ~20 sales reps needed to cover
 US market

LCP can choose to commercialize LCP-Tacro™ independently or through a partner



UPCOMING EVENTS

- EGM 07-July-2011
 - Ed Penhoet nominated as Director
 - Chiron Co-founder, President, and CEO
 - Director in Alta Partners
 - Member of Board of Directors: ChemoCentryx, Immune Design, Metabolex, Scynexis, and ZymoGenetics
 - Member of President Obama's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology
 - Company name change to Veloxis Pharmaceuticals A/S





Q & A Thank you for your attention

